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Shaffer's strike is very encouraging to the European iron and steel manufacturers, but to no one else.

When the growers of the country complete their \$100,000,000 trust there will be an end to the other fellow being tried.

Charles A. Tamm says nothing on step Hill which means that in Tamm's opinion his term has ended on all over him, but Tamm is a different fellow from the one who is a traitor.

At a private sale he has offered to the public a good deal of his property, but he has not offered to the public his property.

It is a good thing that the public has been able to get a good deal of the property of the public.

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INCREASE IN POSTAL RECEIPTS.

The increase in the postal receipts for the year ending June 30, 1901, is \$2,475,000, or 1.5 per cent. over the receipts for the year ending June 30, 1900.

In the first quarter of the fiscal year the receipts were \$24,475,000; in the second quarter, \$24,475,000; and in the third quarter, \$24,475,000. Comparing these figures with the receipts for a like period during last year, I find that the increase of the first quarter of the fiscal year was \$1,017,712, or 4.1 per cent. over the receipts for the first quarter of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1900. The increase of the second quarter was \$2,008,781, or 8.2 per cent. over the receipts for the second quarter of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1900. The increase of the third quarter was \$2,475,000, or 10.1 per cent. over the receipts for the third quarter of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1900. The total increase for the year was \$2,475,000, or 1.5 per cent. over the receipts for the year ending June 30, 1900. The total receipts for the year were \$24,475,000, or 1.5 per cent. over the receipts for the year ending June 30, 1900.

PRIARS IN A RAGE.

The friars who have been so unpopular with the masses of Filipinos are probably trying to win public favor by an attack upon Gov. Taft and the Philippine commission. The cause of the temper of the friars is the refusal of the commission to interfere in an ecclesiastical matter on the ground that church and state have been separated in the Philippines under the new order of things. This the friars object to and all upon all good people to witness that this is a sin against God and impairs them to unite against this impious and frigidious government.

The friars make their attack in a pamphlet in which they refer to the government officials as buffoons, talkative pigmies, the persons and pusillanimous politicians and declare that Gov. Taft has declared war against God and refers to the members of the commission as four ticket-brawlers seeking to overthrow the church under the guise of religious liberty.

Judged by the swarm of adjectives used by these ecclesiastical worthies they are hot under the collar, but the way they go at it indicates that their knowledge of liberty is limited and their idea of free government could not be kinder. One of the demands of the Philippine insurgents was the destruction of the power of the friars. They demanded that they be driven out of the country. The government of the United States refused to do this and stood between those who would destroy them and their accusers, explaining to the Filipinos that under the new government the church and state would be separated and all the difficulties complained of would in due time be righted. They will be, but the friars do not seem to appreciate the situation.

THE "OUTLOOK" ON THE STRIKE.

One can generally count upon finding a sane opinion in the "Outlook" on all questions. The editorial on the steel strike published in last Saturday's issue of this journal is worthy of universal consideration.

The "Outlook" in common with every one who seeks to discuss this question,

feels somewhat hampered because of the lack of definite information concerning the issues involved. But it proceeds with the light it has, to discuss the situation and lay down certain principles concerning all strikes that are good alike for instruction and for doctrine. In the opinion of the "Outlook," a strike is in the nature of war, and in order to justify a strike, two conditions are necessary. "First, there must be a practical and serious injustice which can be remedied only by a strike, and second, there must be a reasonable prospect that the strike will succeed." To the "Outlook," both of these conditions appear to be lacking in the case of the steel strike. There is no conflict relative to wages, nor touching the hours of labor. There is no complaint as to sanitary conditions. All these things being absent, the "Outlook" concludes that there can be no such serious injustice as alone constitutes grounds for a strike and that the strike itself has no prospect of success.

Later developments have sustained the position taken by the "Outlook." A Chicago branch of the Amalgamated association, by an overwhelming majority, refused to go out on a strike. In Milwaukee, the decision not to strike was unanimous. It looks as if President Shaffer had blundered most badly. What a pity it would be to organize a strike at every corner of the world as it could be organized. It is a pity that the steel strike is not a strike of the steel industry, but a strike of the steel industry.

WHAT HAMILTONISM DID AND DOES.

The St. Louis Globe-Democrat is trying to teach the St. Louis Republic what Hamiltonism means and recently it set the following lesson for it.

"Notwithstanding the 'let-up' in the heat wave the St. Louis Republic has had another outbreak about Hamiltonism. The other day when our neighbor passionately declared that Hamiltonism had been 'revived' in this country we showed it that it was mistaken, that Hamiltonism had never died, and never would die so long as this nation lives. As somebody since then had been leading the Republic to think that Hamilton was an enemy of our form of government we will give it a few more points about that statesman."

The first man in the United States to write in favor of a convention of the states to form a stronger and better government than the one which impeded Washington in prosecuting the war of independence was Alexander Hamilton. He did this a year before Philadelphia Webber's pamphlet on the same line was published, and more than half a dozen years before the Philadelphia convention of 1787 met. Hamilton did more, in the intervening period, to bring that convention than any other one man, unless an exception is made in the case of Washington. Hamilton was one of the biggest and most active persons in the convention. He was fought in that convention by the two other delegates from his state of New York, Yates and Lansing, who rank Jeffersons, to use a term of a somewhat later date, as George Clinton or Thomas Jefferson. The two who left for home deserted before the convention closed. Hamilton signed the constitution, and he was the only one of New York's delegates who did this.

When Jefferson, then minister to France, saw a copy of the constitution for the first time he condemned it severely and said there were in it "things which stagger all my disposition to subscribe to what such an assembly has proposed." Jefferson changed his mind afterward, as we know, and favored the constitution. What brought Jefferson over to the constitution's side? The federalist papers which he read with great interest. What were the federalist papers, and who wrote them? They were essays which ran serially in the New York Independent Journal from October, 1787, just after the adoption of the constitution by the Philadelphia convention to March, 1788, explaining and defending the constitution, and creating a public opinion which would force the different states to ratify it, two-thirds of the eighty-five papers of which were written by Hamilton, and the rest by Madison, Jay and William Duer. These essays were not only decisive with Jefferson, but they made enough other proselytes to secure the constitution's acceptance by all the states ultimately. The hardest fight which took place in any of the states on the constitution was in Hamilton's own state of New York, where he had not only to combat the implacable, Yates and Lansing, but he had also a particularist, Melancthon Smith, as rabid a particularist as could have been found in the thirteen states in that day, and to overthrow Clinton, the most powerful, adroit and reactionary politician whom the country knew.

When such men as Tillman, who, by the way, was selected to read the declaration of independence in the last Democratic national convention, behold the Tuxal from afar they proclaim that all men are created equal; but when they behold the negro at home they declare, by their acts of disfranchisement, and otherwise, that all men are not created equal.

The way American products are invading the markets of the old world demolishes the last stand of the American free traders. His only cry now must be:

"The tariff breeds trusts," which is a "physiological question" that people are little concerned about as the laws of propagation are fixed and work out without trouble or confusion.

In that age. As we showed the Republic the other day, Jefferson started out in his presidency by becoming an anti-Jeffersonian in his purchase of Louisiana. Jefferson, in fact, became an anti-Jeffersonian and a Hamiltonian not far from a score of years earlier, when, convinced by Hamilton's federalist papers, he changed from an enemy of the constitution to one of its most eloquent advocates. There has been considerable Hamiltonianism in the management of the affairs of this government right along from the beginning. In fact, we believe the St. Louis Republic will like Hamiltonism after it gets to know what it is.

SCIENCE IN AGRICULTURE.

In his talk concerning the condition of the corn crop Secretary Wilson said he found the injury from heat and drought had been much less here than in crops had been observed than where the land had been continually planted in corn. In further explanation of this he said:

"A common observation regarding the corn crop this year is that the tassels, upon coming out, has been withered by the heat and failed to fertilize through the silk. This is the case more or less in all the fields I have visited, but pollination has been much more perfectly performed where the soil was full of organic matter from plowmanure grass seed, than where corn has been grown so long that the organic matter has been exhausted out of the soil. Where there was plenty of organic matter in the soil, the tassels withered, but the silk did not wither and the corn has been a great deal better than the amount of moisture it could get to offset evaporation."

This should set the average farmer wondering whether there may not be more in the raising of corn than his usual practice contemplates. In fact some science in agriculture. It has been known that the tassels performed an important function in fertilizing or pollinating the plant he has probably never discovered that its office was aided by rotation of crops, which also contributes to counteracting the effects of heat. Perhaps there is a larger field for the application of brains in agriculture than most farmers think.

"CONSENT OF THE GOVERNED" HUMBUG.

Chattanooga Times (Dem): The "consent of the governed" having had its day as a campaign cry has been laid on the table. In Alabama, Virginia and Maryland, and the grandfather clause will now occupy the grand stand for a spell. There's an awful lot of buncombe and impudent hypocrisy about the average political campaign, and the pity of it all is that the people know and recognize this, yet seem to approve it because the "party" indorses it.

An American shoe store or several of them recently opened in Vienna, Austria, has set that old monarch's teeth on edge. The shoemaker's guild of that city is memorializing the Austrian parliament to prohibit the sale of American shoes in that country. When the American shoe manufacturer can compete with the Austrian wooden shoe trade he is entitled to the thanks of his countrymen.

Some years ago, when we had something of a discussion as to what was the worst of the evils of the drainage, preventing evaporation and the reason of the drought. That was to have been dropped and the drought of four months first place except in Alaska, where the drought is as severe as when the forests have been destroyed.

President Shaffer has already referred to the employees in the steel mills as slaves in a slave pen and yet all that he has to offer them is that in case they join his union he will enter into an agreement with the proprietors that they may continue to work in the slave pens. The main question with Mr. Shaffer seems to be whether they work by his consent or not.

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The way American products are invading the markets of the old world demolishes the last stand of the American free traders. His only cry now must be: "The tariff breeds trusts," which is a "physiological question" that people are little concerned about as the laws of propagation are fixed and work out without trouble or confusion.

The democratic Chicago Chronicle is demanding that the representation in the southern states which have disfranchised the colored people be reduced in accordance with the constitution. It is strange

that the democratic constitution lovers must have their attention called to such things.

Mr. Davis, an officer in the Amalgamated association, who works in Chicago, remarked, "It is pretty tough to strike when everything is going so nicely." This is no doubt true of thousands who have been ordered out and have not the liberty to use their own judgment.

The typographical union adopted resolutions of sympathy and moral support to the Amalgamated association in their struggle against the United States steel corporation. This is something, but it won't furnish many meals for the strikers, being a sort of "be ye warmed and fed" proposition.

The anti-imperialist is reminded that the government is building good roads in the Philippines, good roads, good school houses and the dismemberment of church and state with a civil government in the new territory gives the anti a whole lot of trouble.

Last Saturday \$240,000 was paid to the workmen employed in the mills at McKeesport, Pa. Next Saturday not one dollar will be paid because the men have gone out on a strike not for better wages but because they were ordered out.

The Alabama constitutional convention one day agreed upon a clause conferring the right of suffrage upon women who held property, but the next day it was reconsidered and defeated. Alabama, come to think, thought that was going too fast.

Pettigrew announces that in his judgment the money issue is dead for the present and that the real issue will be won on the platform of ruin and the Republican party. It is our best resolution that several battles have been fought on that line.

Senators Cullom and Mason have secured the appointment of George Ormsland, a prominent colored Republican politician of Louisville, Ill., as doorkeeper of the house of representatives in congress. Speaker Henderson made the appointment.

Those who read about the strike of the Amalgamated association will please remember President Shaffer because, like his predecessors, who precipitated trouble, he will never be heard of again after the strike is ended.

William Jennings Bryan is demonstrating the problem that even though a man may be thrown overboard he can climb back again dripping wet and be doused again with less inconvenience than the first time.

Civil Governor Taft proposes to reduce the police force of Manila more than one-half. The force now numbers 1300, or one police to every 200 persons. The man with the gun will probably make up the difference.

In spite of the prodigious efforts of Canada to obtain immigration the increase in population in the last decade was only 0.7 per cent. The total population is only 5,300,000.

Governor Yates has asked the members of the state board of dental examiners for their resignations. They will probably admit their "pull" with the governor was not strong enough.

Speaking of Decatur, who has the temerity to say it is not a dryer town than it ever was in its history.

The latest reports are to the effect that Croker, the "prophet," has been sent for and is coming home.

DRY WEATHER FORCED THEM

Grasshoppers Are Compelled to Go After Fruit Because Grass Is Dead.

S. W. Keene, who lives on Wabash avenue, says that the grasshoppers are feeling the effects of the drought. As evidence of this he points to some peach trees in his yard upon which the pests are now feeding. Keene says that the grass is so completely burned out there is nothing there to support the grasshoppers and as a result they have attacked the peaches. A tree which has been assailed by the grasshoppers presents a rather peculiar appearance. The fruit is eaten away entirely and the seeds still hang on the trees.

Their secret is out.

All Sadlerville, Ky., was curious to learn the cause of the vast improvement in the health of J. E. King, N. L. Whitaker, who is a well-known and popular model and actor, and a chronic bronchial trouble. It is due to Dr. King's New Discovery, writes her husband, "It completely cured her and also cured our little granddaughter of a severe attack of whooping cough." It positively cures coughs, colds, in gripe, bronchitis, all throat and lung troubles. Guaranteed bottles 50c and \$1. Trial bottles free at 50c at J. E. King's, N. L. Krohn's and H. W. Bell's drug stores.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of

INFANTS - CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Prepared by J. C. F. Fitch, Jr., New York.

Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.

Facsimile Signature of J. C. F. Fitch, Jr., NEW YORK.

At 6 months old 35 DROPS - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chat. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

At Your Own Price.

We will offer for the next 15 DAYS.

All lawn goods at cost and below cost. (Except Lawn Swings these we are unable to get enough to supply the demand.)

A few pieces of the famous Black River Rending Co.'s goods left. It will pay to buy even for next season.

Bamboo Bench Screen for.....\$1.50

15 PER CENT DISCOUNT on all Refrigerators and Ice Boxes. Now is your time to buy these goods.

When we advertise prices we mean it. Come and get the bargains.

BACHMAN BROS. & MARTIN CO.

Complete Housefurnishers.

Corner of Water and North Sts.

THE ANNUAL INSTITUTE.

Will Open at the High School on Monday day next.

The annual institute of the teachers of Macon county will open at the High school on next Tuesday and continue for the remainder of the week.

Miss Anna A. Hutton of Chicago, Ill., S. Stewart of Galesburg, Rev. Penhale of Decatur, Rev. J. W. McDonald of Decatur will lecture at 10.45 A. M. Gastman, superintendent of schools, delivers addresses to graduating class.

Jeannette Tyler, instructor in physical culture, will organize a class in physical culture for the week at \$2.50 per pupil.

Work begins at 8 o'clock sharp. Roll call will take place at that time. Those not present at roll call will please report to secretary at some time during the day.

The school law requires a fee of one dollar from those who do not hold a certificate valid in this county; those having paid an examination fee sometime during the year are also exempt from the fee.

Examinations Aug. 21 at High school and Aug. 31 at office of county superintendent.

The instructors will be Gertrude M. Gregg, J. H. Conrad, Mary J. Clark, E. A. Gastman, R. F. Davidson and C. E. Delbert.

There is every promise of a very large enrollment this year and a successful institute.

Only Wheat is Good.

John S. Roach of Guyton, Ind., stopped in Decatur Monday to visit his uncle, Dr. N. D. Myers. Mr. Roach is returning to his home from Oklahoma Territory, where he has been running a threshing outfit there for the past few weeks. He says that the wheat crop is good, but that all others are a failure. Wheat and oats were selling at 65 cents per bushel and corn at \$1.10.

From faithful disfigurement, Mrs. Annie Galloway of La Grange, Ga., applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve to great sores on her head and face, and writes: "Its quick cure exceeded all her hopes. It works wonders in sores, bruises, skin eruptions, cuts, burns, scalds and piles. Only 50c at J. E. King's, N. L. Krohn's and H. W. Bell's drug stores."

Plans World Auto Tour.

Manure Robinson, of New York, according to the London Daily Press, is planning for a motor trip around the world. In an interview published in the other day Mr. Robinson says: "I am an American and expect to carry the Stars and Stripes around the world on my machine. I shall start from Dallas in May or next year and go to Moscow. From that point I shall follow the Siberian railway, pushing on to Vladivostok, or a point near there, where I shall take ship for Japan. I shall cross Japan and then take ship for the United States. Having crossed the American continent, I shall take ship for Liverpool and shall then traverse England to Dover."

JOCKEY INJURY

Ed. Kiefer Probably Hurt by Running Horse Falling

GOOD SPORT AT MONTICELLO.

Little Doc Wins the 21st Race—Some Premiums That Awarded.

Monticello, Aug. 14.—8p. Attendance at the fair today better than Tuesday, but not counted on as the big day. Flows, however, were much persistent sprinkling of rain, but them in good luck. The discomfort on account of rain was largely reduced. Every one to a big attendance tomorrow program.

ACCIDENTS.

This was a most unfortunate race track. One horse and jockey were thrown in the race and likely sustained injury. The accident in the race was riding Miss Regent. He was leaving the back of the horse and fell, rolling over with the rider. He was pronounced dead and three physicians called to attend him. It was for collar bone was broken and sustained serious internal injuries of which will not be general days. This evening the jockey was such as to excite the crowd. This morning the jockey was such as to excite the crowd. This morning the jockey was such as to excite the crowd.

THE RACER.

The first race on the track was the 221st race for a hundred dollars. Five horses were entered. The winner was Little Doc, owned by John Aldridge, a local man, who was overcome by the race and was unconscious. The animal was removed to the hospital.

OVERCOME BY THE RACE.

At the time of the accident, the horse was running in the 221st race for a hundred dollars. The horse was overcome by the race and was unconscious. The animal was removed to the hospital.

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NEARBY TOWNS.

HAMMOND.

Wm. J. Miller, returned from Bloomington, Ind., where he was on a business trip, and will be in town this week.

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HELPED BREAK THE MARKET.

Farmers' Club Inspects a Corn Cob Furnished by a Bull.

The Farmers' club held a session on Thursday night and inspected a corn cob furnished by one of the members. This specimen in other years would have been called nothing more than a cob, but at the session last night was presented as an ear of corn.

When the session was called to order the farmer, who is short on nature and long on corn, went into his barn and produced his evidence. As he said, "This was one of the best ears of corn to be found on a quarter section of land, not the farm, but next to the land of one of the prominent members, and a charge was instantly made that care had been taken to find the fattest ear in the county and offering it as a good sample, in the hope that the market could be helped."

There was no evidence in support of this charge and it was not acted on. The specimen ear was an even foot in length, there were upon it less than two dozen spots which had started out with the intention of being grains of corn. They failed to develop. They had grown to be blisters and then shrunk to be mere blotches. There was not a grain of corn on the cob.

Testimony was offered to the effect that the quarter section from which this sample was produced would yield forty bushels, all of the same quality. The member who had submitted the sample defended his position and told a story to show that he had not exaggerated. A farmer who owns ninety acres of growing corn said that he would give \$500 to any man who could find him a purchased for the ninety acres of grain, the purchaser to take it on the theory that it would produce twenty bushels per acre, and pay fifty cents per bushel for it. That would give the farmer \$900 for the ninety acres, which should produce in an average year at least \$1000.

The club adjourned, convinced that at least the situation hereabouts was not improving, even if the market did break a bit on Thursday at Chicago.

POTATO PROSPECTS.
Have Not Improved During the Last Week—Prices Advance.

Up to Thursday evening there had not been received in Decatur this week a single ear load of potatoes and that has a big influence on the situation when the supply is dependent upon the stock shipped in from other states. The commission men say that the potatoes eaten in Decatur the last seven days came from the small stocks which the grocers had at the beginning of the week and the "drips" which were brought in by the farmers. One potato dealer said that until the present shortage was relieved, he could sell any day he could deliver them to the grocers, not less than 1000 bushels of potatoes.

The city will ordinarily consume somewhere between 1500 and 2000 bushels of potatoes each week.

One commission man showed a letter from a shipper in a distant potato field to prove that potatoes shipped into this city could not be sold to the grocers for less than \$1.40 per bushel. This letter made an offer of potatoes in ear load lots for that day only, at \$1.25 per bushel. The commission men say that when they handle potatoes on a margin of 15 cents it is too close to be safe. According to that the retail price is likely to be \$1.60 the moment the next lots get on the market.

Apples are proportionately high. Three hundred barrels are wholesaling at from \$3.00 to \$3.25 per barrel. These apples are the Maiden Blush. They are not thoroughly ripe but are gathered in for cooking purposes. Last summer at the same time the same variety of apples sold in Decatur at \$1.50 per barrel.

These apples come from the orchards of southern Illinois and are ready sellers at the prices quoted.

Gives New Hope.
The promoters of the Decatur Copper Mining company have been given new hope by reason of an item which appeared in the latest number of the Jerome (Ark.) Reporter as follows:

"A strike of rich copper ore has been made in the Walker-Larimore group, near the Decatur. The ore averages 15 per cent copper, and there are 40 tons of it on the dump. The strike was made in a tunnel, and they have drilled 47 feet and are still in the same character of ore; they have also sunk 10 feet on the same and the strike still holds out. These claims are under bond of Hooker & McFarland and John Losely, and they inform us that they propose to do \$20,000 worth of development work on the property at once."

Each succeeding strike which is made in that camp continues more strongly their faith in the proposition, that they are certain to strike pay ore when they have their shaft sunk to the level from which they wish to drift."

Winning Fame.
Dawson Bill has with him Charles Moore, a former Taylorville boy. He is the event's private coachman and drove the team of duns which, attached to a harness, headed the parade. Moore has been with the show two seasons. He is a son of Prof. Thomas Moore, who was formerly principal of the east side schools.—Taylorville Breeze.

Better Corn Prospect.
A much more hopeful tone concerning the yield of corn is being heard from farmers near Macon. The corn is improving every day though no rain has fallen. Though the ears are not as large as usual they are filling out well to the very end of the cob. And there are very few stalks without ears, and even some with two. Rain is badly needed for pastures.

By the Wagon Load.
The police of Champaign are chagrined to think that some thieves in that city are carrying away stuff by the wagon load. A junk house was robbed of about 1500 pounds of brass and the police can find no trace of it.

The straw hat will soon be making itself felt.

THE MARKETS.

Gossip of Grain.

Chicago, Aug. 15.—Wheat—Good trade and active market, but the business, however, was mostly liquidation. The large unloaded freely during the entire session. The feeling was weaker and September sold off to 71 1/2c, after which there was little reaction. The close was at 71 1/4c, a decline of 1 3/4c over yesterday's close. Lower cables, and perfect weather conditions in the north-west, the break in corn, together with a current estimate of a crop of 715,000,000 bushels, all had a depressing tendency, and local holders hastened to liquidate at the opening. Liverpool spot was 1 1/2c lower, futures 3 1/2c to 1 1/2c lower. Receipts, 150 cars.

Corn—Trade was of good volume, the market strong. September sold off to 57 1/2c, closing at the bottom with a loss of 1 1/2c to 1 5/8c. Lower cables, an estimate of 1,400,000,000 bushels crop by Price Current, and private advices from the interior of the improved crop condition, all tended to create a bear sentiment, and there was country as well as local liquidation. Liverpool spot was 1 1/2c lower and futures 7/8c lower. On the break there was scattered covering by the shorts and by local professionals. Receipts, 121 cars.

Oats—Influenced by other grains, but the declines were not so extended. Prices opened 1 1/4c to 3/8c lower, rallied slightly and declined, closed 7/8c to 1c lower, for September. Shorts covered freely on the decline but the offerings were liberal.

GRAIN, FLOUR AND PROVISIONS.
Chicago, August 15—
Flour—Steady.
Wheat—Fair trade, weaker, closing lower.

August..... 70c to 70 1/2c
September..... 71c to 71 1/2c
No 2 red..... 72c to 72 1/2c
No 3 red..... 71c to 71 1/2c
No 4 red..... 70c to 70 1/2c
No 5 red..... 69c to 69 1/2c
No 6 red..... 68c to 68 1/2c
No 7 red..... 67c to 67 1/2c
No 8 red..... 66c to 66 1/2c
No 9 red..... 65c to 65 1/2c
No 10 red..... 64c to 64 1/2c
No 11 red..... 63c to 63 1/2c
No 12 red..... 62c to 62 1/2c
No 13 red..... 61c to 61 1/2c
No 14 red..... 60c to 60 1/2c
No 15 red..... 59c to 59 1/2c
No 16 red..... 58c to 58 1/2c
No 17 red..... 57c to 57 1/2c
No 18 red..... 56c to 56 1/2c
No 19 red..... 55c to 55 1/2c
No 20 red..... 54c to 54 1/2c
No 21 red..... 53c to 53 1/2c
No 22 red..... 52c to 52 1/2c
No 23 red..... 51c to 51 1/2c
No 24 red..... 50c to 50 1/2c
No 25 red..... 49c to 49 1/2c
No 26 red..... 48c to 48 1/2c
No 27 red..... 47c to 47 1/2c
No 28 red..... 46c to 46 1/2c
No 29 red..... 45c to 45 1/2c
No 30 red..... 44c to 44 1/2c
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No 33 red..... 41c to 41 1/2c
No 34 red..... 40c to 40 1/2c
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No 64 red..... 10c to 10 1/2c
No 65 red..... 9c to 9 1/2c
No 66 red..... 8c to 8 1/2c
No 67 red..... 7c to 7 1/2c
No 68 red..... 6c to 6 1/2c
No 69 red..... 5c to 5 1/2c
No 70 red..... 4c to 4 1/2c
No 71 red..... 3c to 3 1/2c
No 72 red..... 2c to 2 1/2c
No 73 red..... 1c to 1 1/2c
No 74 red..... 0c to 0 1/2c
No 75 red..... 0c to 0 1/2c
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No 94 red..... 0c to 0 1/2c
No 95 red..... 0c to 0 1/2c
No 96 red..... 0c to 0 1/2c
No 97 red..... 0c to 0 1/2c
No 98 red..... 0c to 0 1/2c
No 99 red..... 0c to 0 1/2c
No 100 red..... 0c to 0 1/2c

At St. Louis.
St. Louis, August 15—
Cattle—Receipts, 4000.
Market steady.

Native Steers..... \$3.00 to \$3.75
Cows and Heifers..... 2.00 to 3.00
Stockers and Feeders..... 2.00 to 2.50
Texas Steers..... 3.00 to 4.25
Hogs—Receipts, 8,500.
Market strong.
Range, \$3.50 to \$5.20.

LABOR DAY CELEBRATION.
Trades and Labor Assembly Appointed Committee—Speaker Not Selected.

Last night the delegates of the Trades and Labor Assembly held a meeting to consider arrangements for the Labor Day celebration to be given in Decatur. The committee appointed to look after the details were as follows:

Executive—Eugene Linxweller, David Malloy, W. H. Foster.
Advertising—Eugene Linxweller, David Malloy, M. Leach.
Arrangements—Joe Brewster, J. H. Klingebary, J. E. Fenton.
Flats and Parade—On Royer, J. D. Koon, Wm. Brockway.
Entertainment—W. H. Foster, Joe Bray, Wm. Brockway.
Soliciting—On Royer, W. H. Foster.

The selection of a speaker has not yet been determined. The invitations extended thus far have met with the response that the men invited is to be otherwise engaged on that day. There are still several men of ability to be considered and the expectation is that within a few days the announcement will be made.

The managers of the celebration wish to impress on the minds of the merchants and manufacturers that the observance of the day is not to be considered solely for bodies of organized labor, and that they are invited to join in making the parade and the picnic at the park a success. The expectation is that it will not be confined strictly to Decatur, for invitations have been sent to a number of nearby towns to send delegations to take part in the parade and enjoy the day in the park.

A committee is now at work soliciting among the merchants and manufacturers asking them to take part in the exercises.

Thus far the printers, painters, carpenters, teamsters, hand carriers and the miners have voted in the various organizations to take part in the parade. At the park there is to be an interesting programme of athletic events.

GASOLINE FLARE UP.
Resulted in Two Men Being Painfully Hurt at Decatur.

What was a very painful and what came near being a very serious accident happened on Monday evening at Macon about 6 o'clock. Mr. Brooks and son, Earl, were firing up the gasoline engine in the city pumping house when something being out of repair there was an explosion, the gasoline escaping right over the fire. In a moment both were covered with fire. Both men ran out of the pump house, and the men on the street rolled them in the dusty road, extinguishing the flames. Mr. Brooks was badly burned on both hands and one arm and side.

Getting Better.
C. E. Osborne, recently operated upon for cancer, is still in the hospital but he has shown improvement from the first and it is expected that he will be able to go to his home about the first of next week. The operation was a serious one, owing to the advanced age of the patient.

Organized.
The dairymen of Lincoln have organized an association and the first question for consideration was to advance the price of milk on account of the conditions created by the drought.

The drought in Kansas is not only a hardship on cattle generally, but it is especially unfortunate for the stock exchange bulls.

NEARBY TOWNS.

HAMMOND.

Wm. J. Miller, returned from Bloomington, Ind., where he was on a business trip, and will be in town this week.

James Woodbury of Danville, Va., returned from a business trip, and will be in town this week.

John W. Smith, returned from a business trip, and will be in town this week.

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LOCAL NEWS NOTES.

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HELPED BREAK THE MARKET.

Farmers' Club Inspects a Corn Cob Furnished by a Bull.

The Farmers' club held a session on Thursday night and inspected a corn cob furnished by one of the members. This specimen in other years would have been called nothing more than a cob, but at the session last night was presented as an ear of corn.

When the session was called to order the farmer, who is short on nature and long on corn, went into his barn and produced his evidence

